## Probing cell respiration and Marine photosynthesis by Raman spectroscopy

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## Abstract

Cytochrome oxidase (CcO) is the last enzyme in the respiratory electron transport chain of cells and Nitric oxide reductase (Nor) is the third of the four enzymes of bacterial denitrification responsible for the catalytic formation of laughing gas (N<sub>2</sub>O). A common phylogeny of aerobic respiration and bacterial denitrification exists. In the denitrification process, nitric oxide reductase catalyzes the two-electron reduction of NO to N<sub>2</sub>O through a heme  $b_3$ -non heme Fe<sub>B</sub> dinuclear center, whereas in respiration cytochrome *c* oxidase catalyzes the reduction of O<sub>2</sub> to H<sub>2</sub>O in a binuclear heme  $a_3$ -Cu<sub>B</sub> center. Identification of the intermediates and determination of their structures in the reduction of dioxygen to water by cytochrome *c* oxidase (CcO) and NO by Nor are particular important to understanding both O<sub>2</sub> and NO activation by the enzymes. In this talk, the structures of the O<sub>2</sub> and NO intermediate formed in the catalytic sites of the enzymes will be presented.

Marine Diatoms contribute to oxygenic photosynthesis and carbon fixation and handle large changes under variable light intensity on a regular basis. The unique light-harvesting apparatus of diatoms are the Fucoxanthin-Chlorophyll *a/c*-binding proteins (FCPs). I will present resonance Raman spectra of the light-harvesting Fucoxanthin-Chlorophyll *a/c*-binding proteins (FCPs) of the Marine Diatom *Fragilariopsis sp*. The Raman shifts in the <sup>15</sup>N and <sup>13</sup>C isotope enriched diatom provide the first spectroscopic evidence for the characterization of the C<sub>a</sub>-N and C-C marker bands, and thus, of the penta- and hexacoordinated states of chlorophylls *a/c* in the FCPs and the marker C-C bands of Fucoxanthins.

## References

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